

Contemplate then Calculate an Instructional Routine to Support the Math Practices

Grace Kelemanik
Amy Lucenta



#EPSOBO

#FosteringMPs

@GraceKelemanik

@AmyLucenta



FOSTERING
MATH
PRACTICES

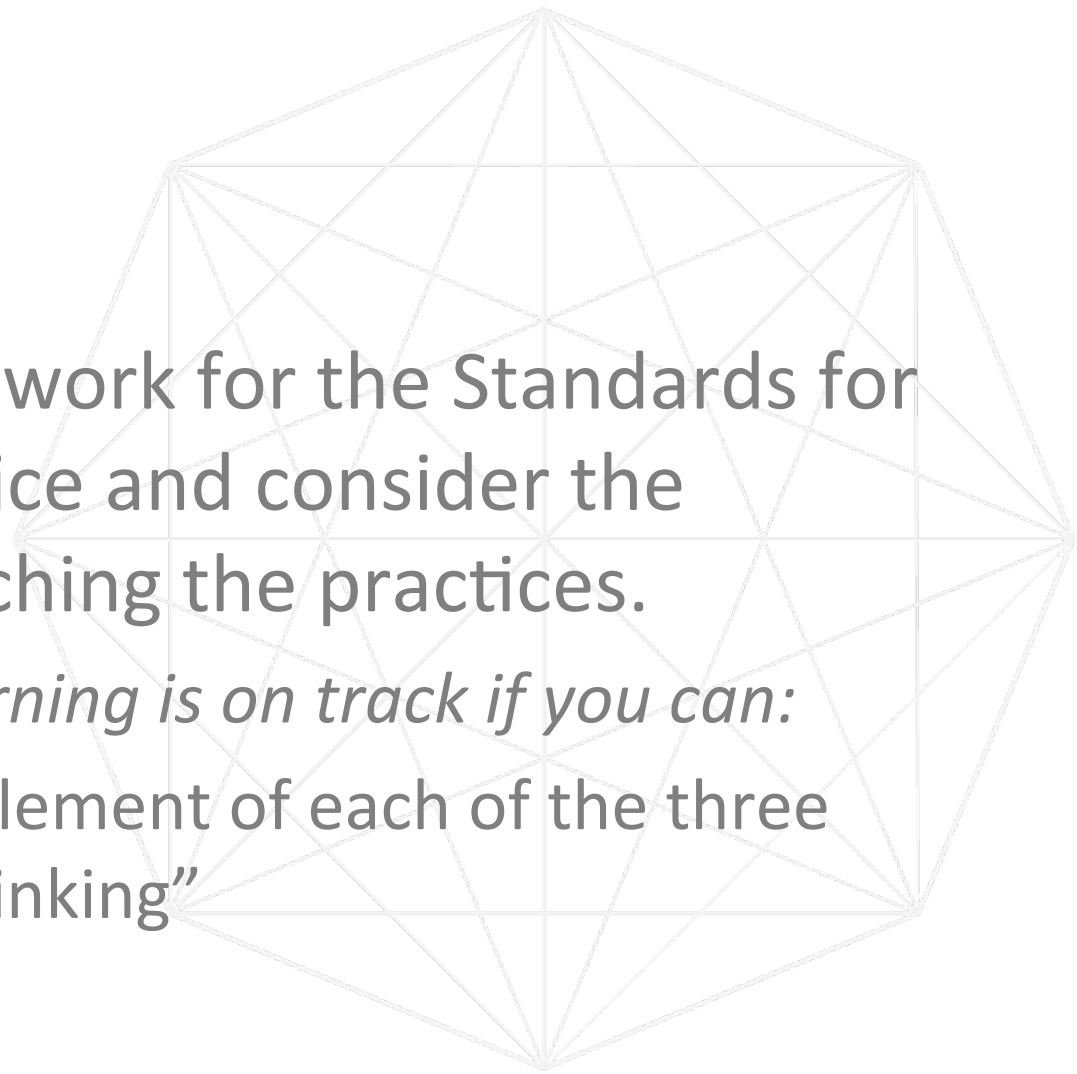
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Goal # 1

Understand a framework for the Standards for Mathematical Practice and consider the implications for teaching the practices.

You will know your learning is on track if you can:

- Describe one element of each of the three “avenues of thinking”

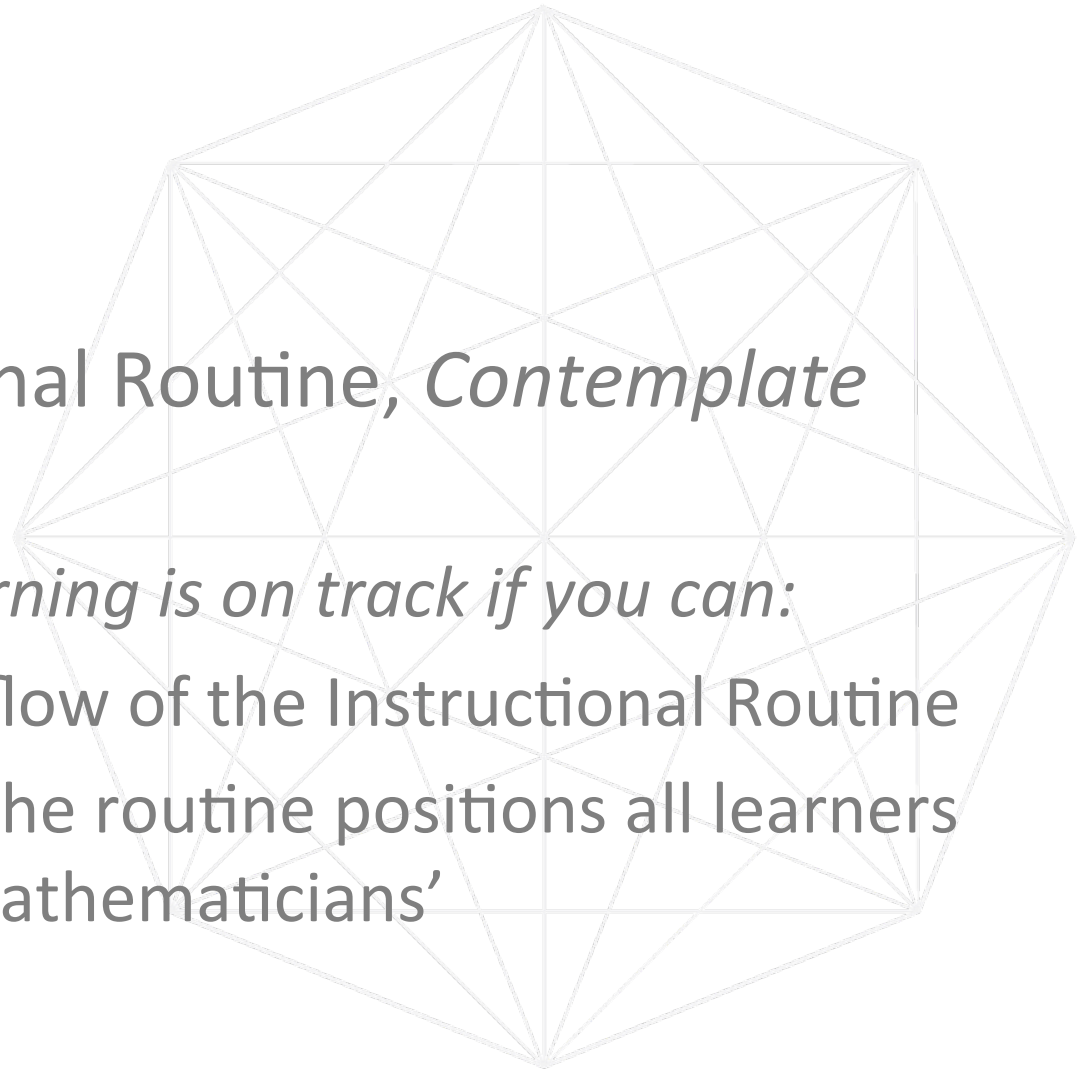


Goal # 2

Learn the Instructional Routine, *Contemplate the Calculate*.

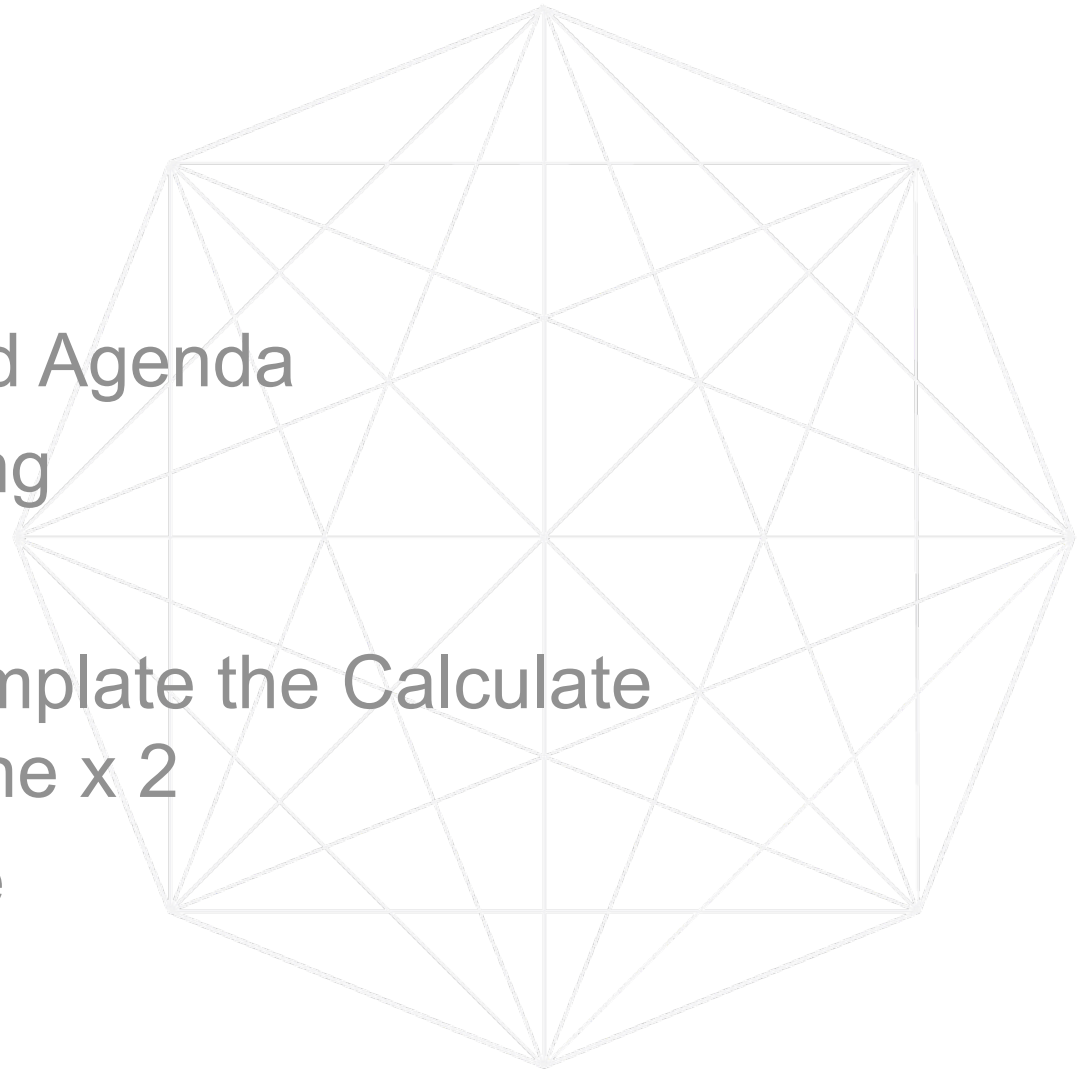
You will know your learning is on track if you can:

- Articulate the flow of the Instructional Routine
- Describe how the routine positions all learners to 'think like mathematicians'



Agenda

- Opening Goals and Agenda
- Avenues of Thinking
- Break
- Experience Contemplate the Calculate
Instructional Routine x 2
- Unpack the routine
- Wrap Up

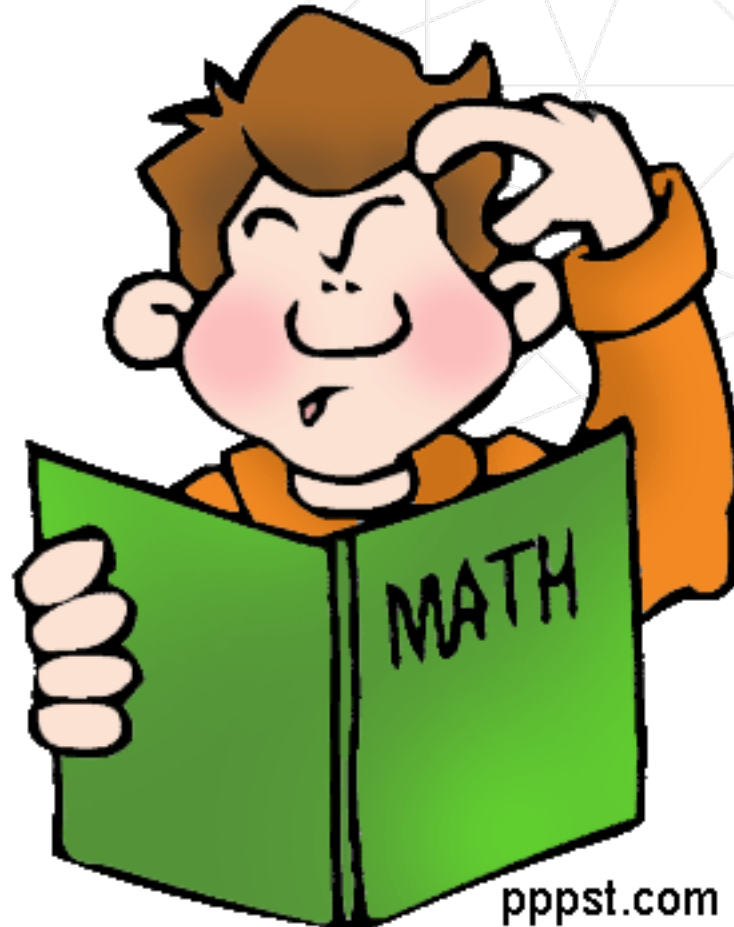


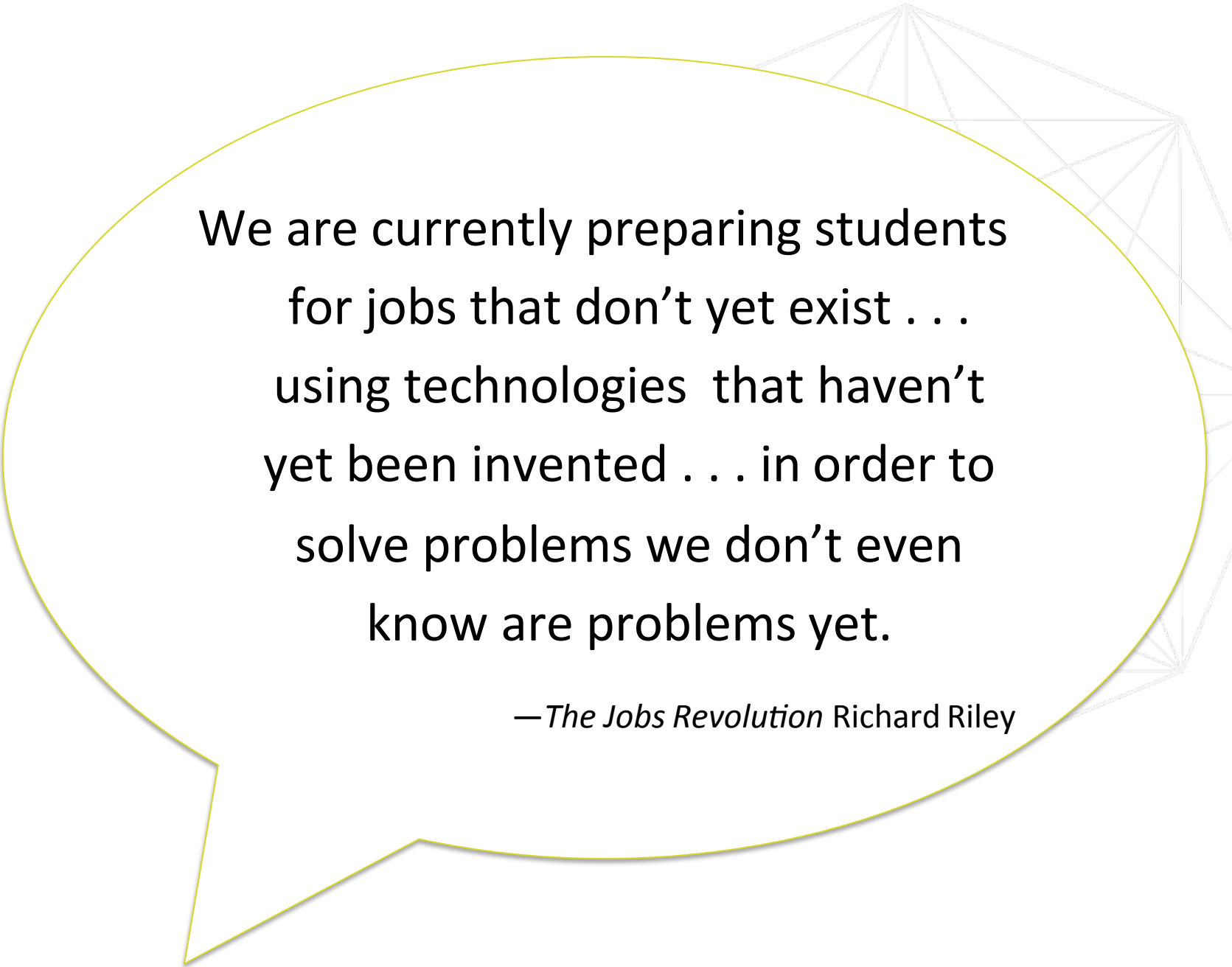


Three Avenues of Thinking

A Framework for Unpacking the
Standards for Mathematical Practice

I Don't Get It!





We are currently preparing students
for jobs that don't yet exist . . .
using technologies that haven't
yet been invented . . . in order to
solve problems we don't even
know are problems yet.

—*The Jobs Revolution* Richard Riley



Students need ways into and through prickly problems

We must teach them to think like mathematicians!

Standards for Mathematical Practice

- **MP1** Make Sense of Problems and Persevere in Solving Them
- **MP2** Reason Abstractly and Quantitatively
- **MP3** Construct Viable Arguments and Critique the Reasoning of Others
- **MP4** Model with Mathematics
- **MP5** Use Appropriate of Tools Strategically
- **MP6** Precision in Mathematics
- **MP7** Look for and Make Use of Structure
- **MP8** Look for and Express Regularity in Repeated Reasoning

Support ALL Learners in multiple processing areas

- **Language**
- **Conceptual**
- **Visual – Spatial**
- **Attention**
- **Organization**
- **Memory**





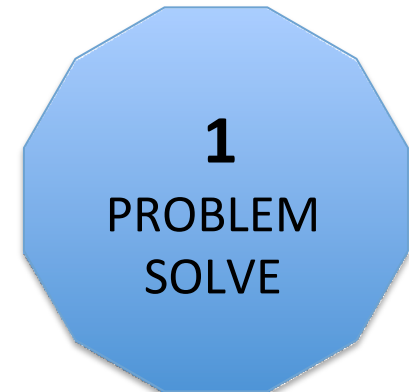
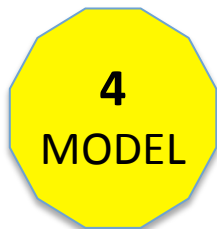
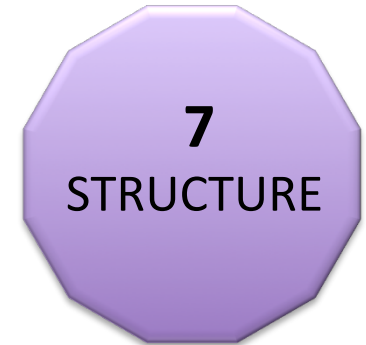
MP 1 MP 2 MP 3

MP 5
MP 4

MP 8
MP 7
MP 6



Not All Math Math Practices Are Equal!



MP1 Make Sense of Problems and Persevere in Solving Them

Quantities & Relationships

Structure

Repetition

MP2

MP7

MP8

MP3

MP6

MP3

MP6

MP3

MP6

MP4

MP5

MP4

MP5

MP4

MP5

Three Avenues of Thinking in Math

Quantitative Reasoning

Repeated Reasoning

Structural Thinking





Avenues of Thinking

Quantitative
Reasoning

Structural
Thinking

Repeated
Reasoning

Attend to → Ask yourself → Actions

Fish Tank

Drill Down Experience

Shift

Avenue of Thinking for ALL learners



Fish Tank

A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many more gallons will it take to fill the tank?

Instructions:



Solve the task on your own.



Discuss your approach with a partner.

Three Avenues of Thinking in Math

Quantitative Reasoning

Repeated Reasoning

Structural Thinking



Quantitative Reasoning Avenue of Thinking



Attend to...



Quantities

and

Relationships

Ask yourself...

- What can I count or measure in this problem situation?
- How do the quantities relate to each other?
- How can I represent this problem?
- What does this (variable, number, shaded region, etc.) represent in the problem context?

Students typically attend to number.

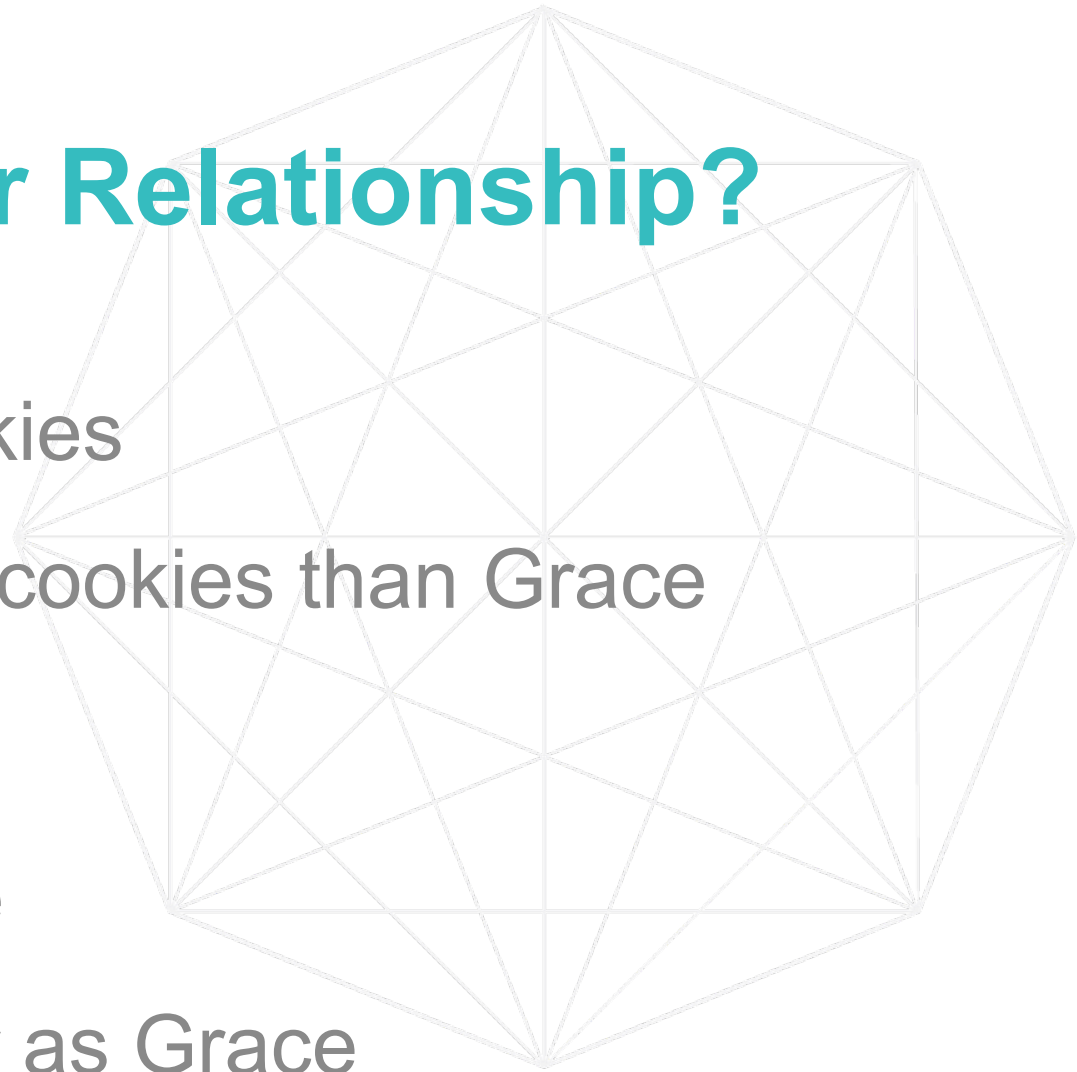
7

$\frac{1}{2}$

Does the number tell me something about a **quantity** or is it describing a **relationship**?

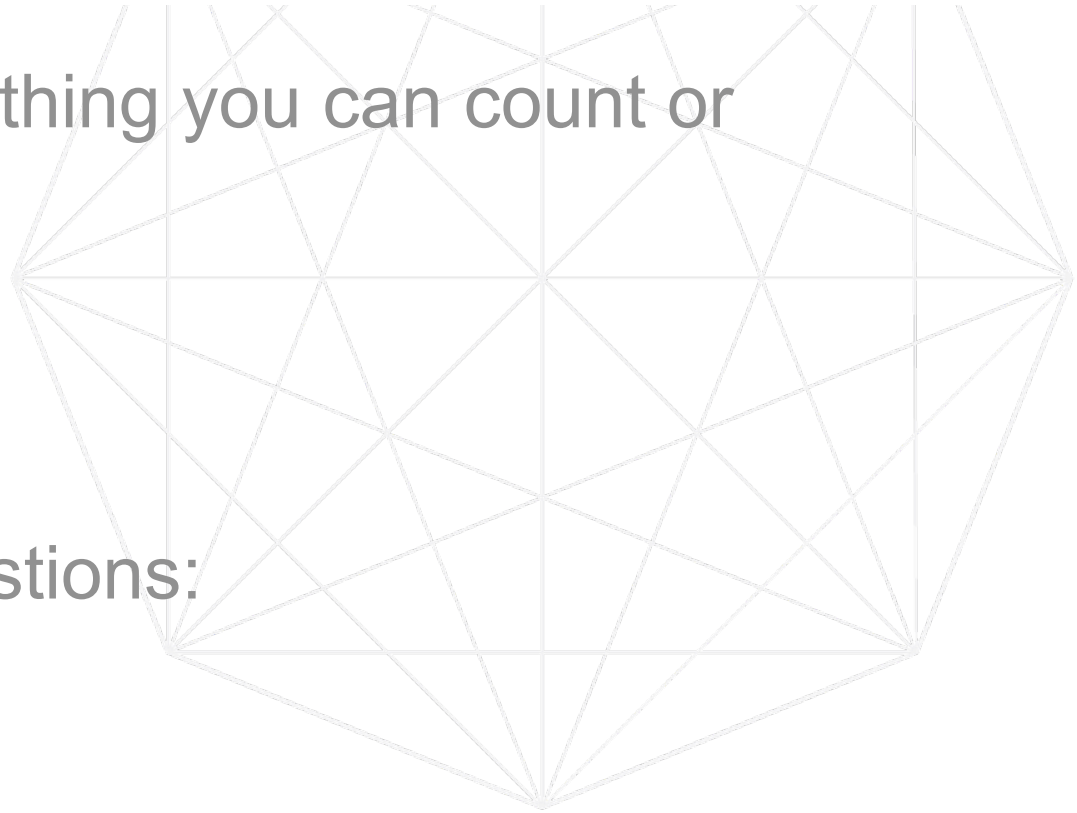
Quantity or Relationship?

- Grace has 7 cookies
- Amy has 7 more cookies than Grace
- Grace ran $\frac{1}{2}$ mile
- Amy ran $\frac{1}{2}$ as far as Grace



What's a Quantity?

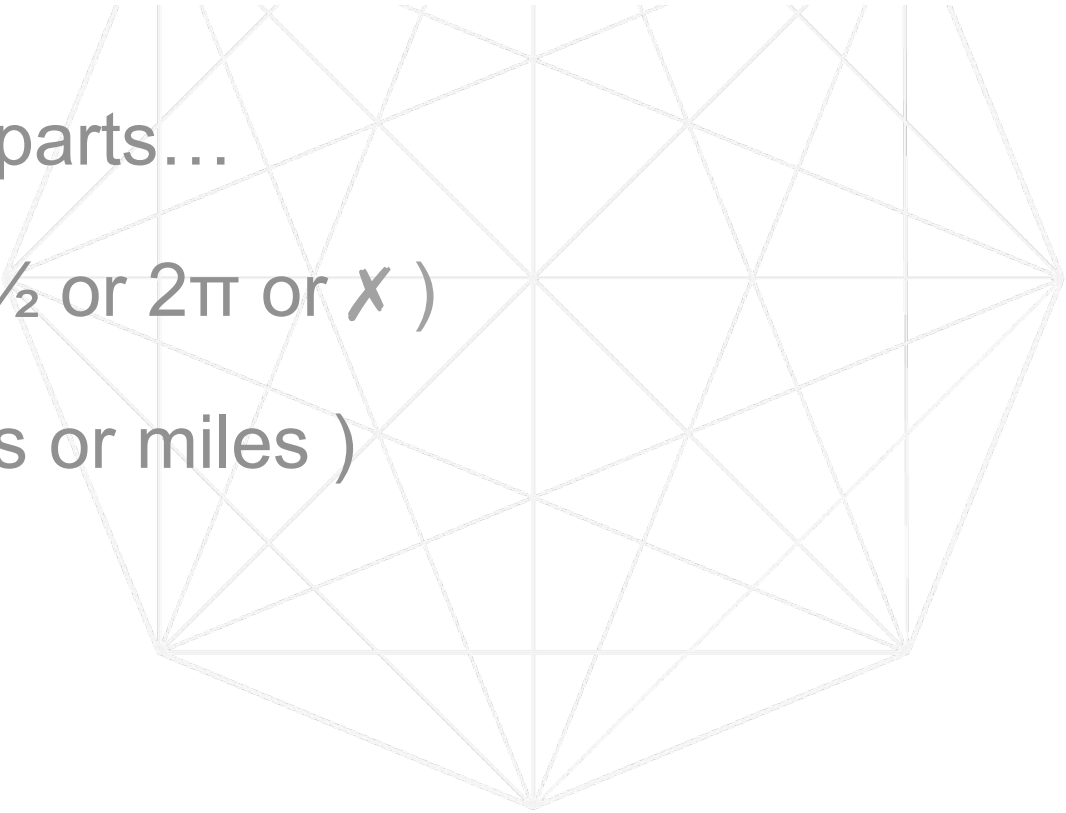
- A Quantity is something you can count or measure
 - The number of...
 - The amount of...
- It answers the questions:
 - How many?
 - How much?



What's a Quantity?

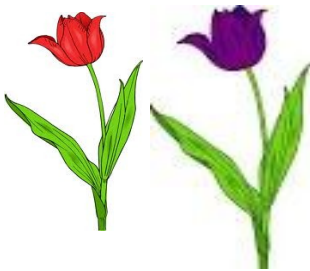
A Quantity has three parts...

- Value (e.g. 7 or $\frac{1}{2}$ or 2π or X)
- Unit (e.g. cookies or miles)
- Sign (+ / -)



What are the Quantities in Gina's Garden?

Gina planted 24 flowers in her yard. Some of them were red and some of them were purple. There are twice as many purple flowers as red flowers.



What can I count in this situation?



The number of...



Numbers

Key words

24

twice

$\frac{1}{2}$

7

more

and

Entering the Fish Tank via the Quantitative Avenue of Thinking

Pay attention to...

- The amount of water:
 - The tank holds
 - Already in the tank
 - Added to the tank
- Relationships between the amount of water the tank holds and the amount already in the tank



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many more gallons will it take to fill the tank?

Entering the Fish Tank via the Quantitative Avenue of Thinking

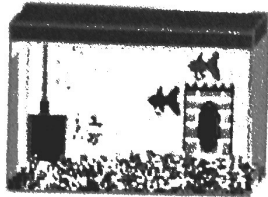
Ask yourself...

- Is the 20.5 a value for a quantity or does it describe a relationship?
- What quantity has a value of 20.5?
- Is the $\frac{4}{5}$ describing a relationship or a quantity?
- What two quantities have a $\frac{4}{5}$ relationship?
- Are there quantities here that don't have a value given?
- How can I represent the quantities so I can see the relationship between them?



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many more gallons will it take to fill the tank?

Quantitative Reasoning Avenue of Thinking

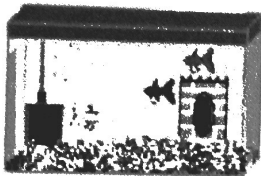


A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full.
How many gallons will it take to fill the tank?

- # of gallons in tank
- # of gallons tank holds (20.5)
- # of gallons needed to fill tank.

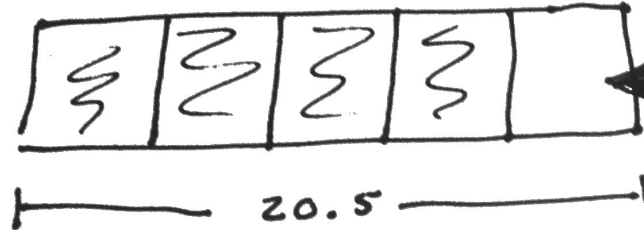
• # of gallons in TANK is $\frac{4}{5}$ of The # of gallons The TANK holds

Quantitative Reasoning Avenue of Thinking



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full.
How many gallons will it take to fill the tank?

- # of gallons in tank
 - # of gallons tank holds (20.5)
 - # of gallons needed to fill tank.
- # of gallons in TANK is $\frac{4}{5}$ of The # of gallons The TANK holds



$$20.5 \div 5$$

4.1

Quantitative Reasoning Actions



- Identify quantities explicitly mentioned in the problem statement
- Surface hidden or implied quantities
- Note relationships between quantities
- Abstract problem situations
- Use representations to see quantities and relationships
- Recall and consider referents

Quantitative Reasoning Shifts

**Look beyond
the numbers
and key
words in a
problem
statement**



**To the
quantities and
relationships
those numbers
and key words
describe**

How could quantitative reasoning support students?

**Number
Grabbing**



**Understanding
Quantities**

**Blind
Operating**



**Working with
relationships**

Quantitative Reasoning supports ALL students....especially

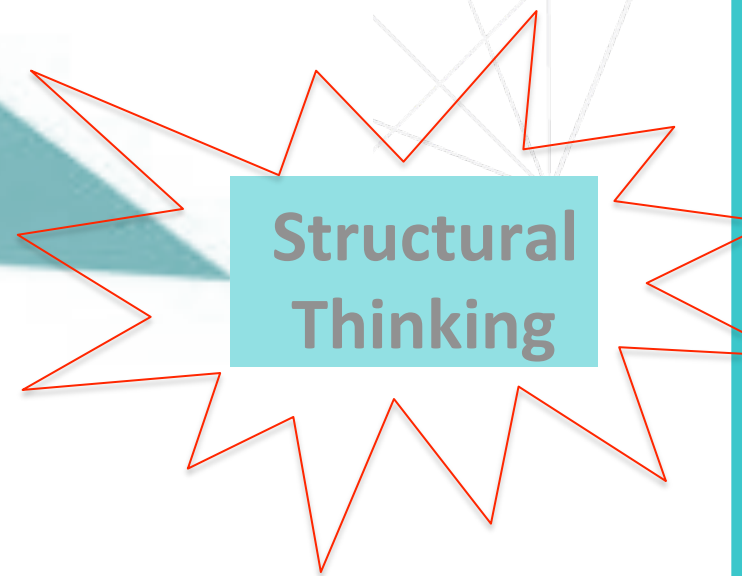
- Students who don't know where to begin to solve a word problem
- Students who struggle with multi-step problems
- Students who benefit from working within contexts
- Students who benefit from drawing/using visual representations

Three Avenues of Thinking in Math

Quantitative Reasoning

Repeated Reasoning

Structural Thinking



Structural Reasoning Avenue of Thinking

Attend to...



Organization

and

Properties

of

Number and

Space

Ask yourself...



- Is this behaving like something else I know?
- How can I use properties to uncover structure?
- How can I change the form to make it easier to work with?
- How can I “chunk” this to make sense of it?
- How can I connect this to math I know?

Entering the Fish Tank via the Structural Avenue of Thinking

Pay attention to...

- Types of numbers
- Composition of fractions



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many more gallons will it take to fill the tank?

Entering the Fish Tank via the Structural Avenue of Thinking

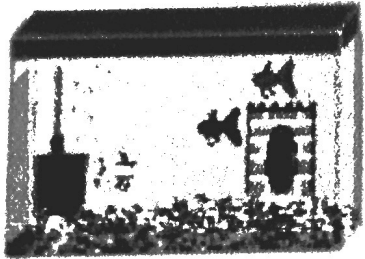
Ask yourself...

- Is there another way I can think about $\frac{4}{5}$ full?
- How can I change the form of 20.5 and $\frac{4}{5}$ to make them easier to work with?



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many more gallons will it take to fill the tank?

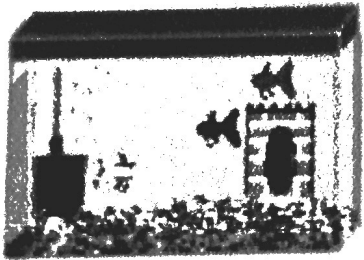
Entering the Fish Tank via the Structural Avenue of Thinking



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. — $\frac{1}{5}$ Empty
How many gallons will it take to fill the tank?

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 20.5$$

Entering the Fish Tank via the Structural Avenue of Thinking



A 20.5 gallon fish tank is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. — $\frac{1}{5}$ Empty
How many gallons will it take to fill the tank?

$\frac{1}{5}$ of 20.5

$$\frac{1}{5} (20) = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{5} (.5) = .1$$

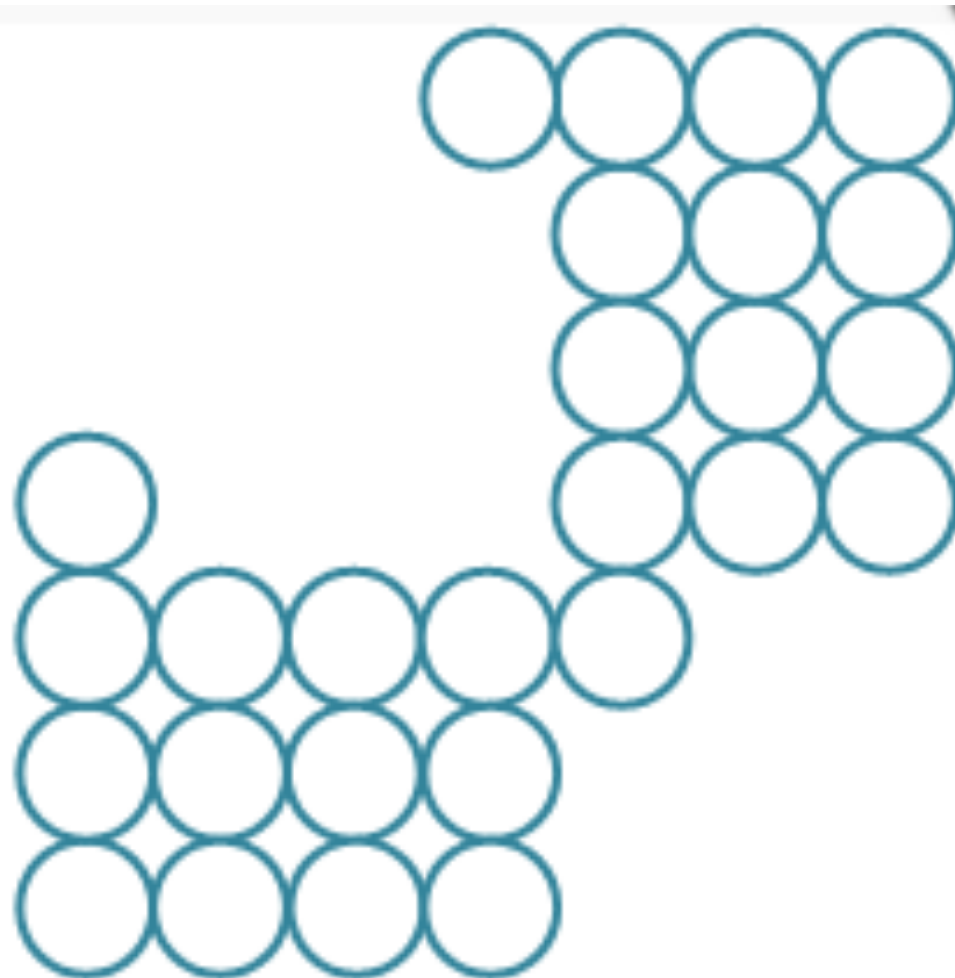
4.1 gal.

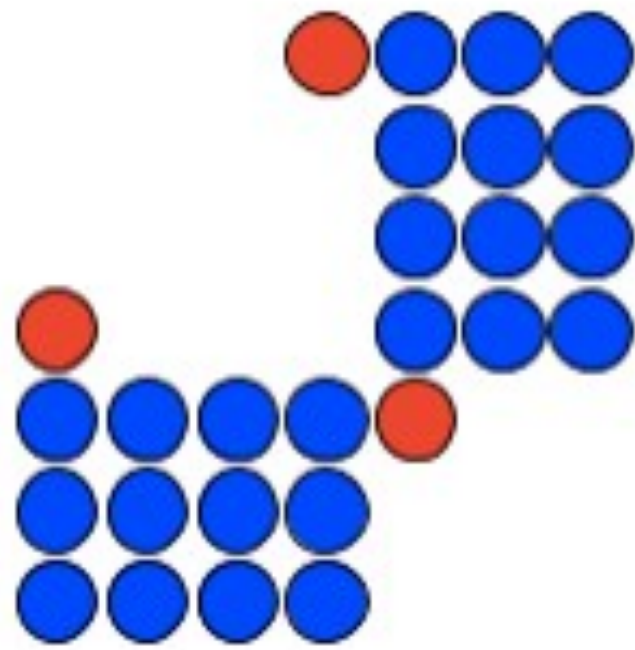
Structural Thinking Actions

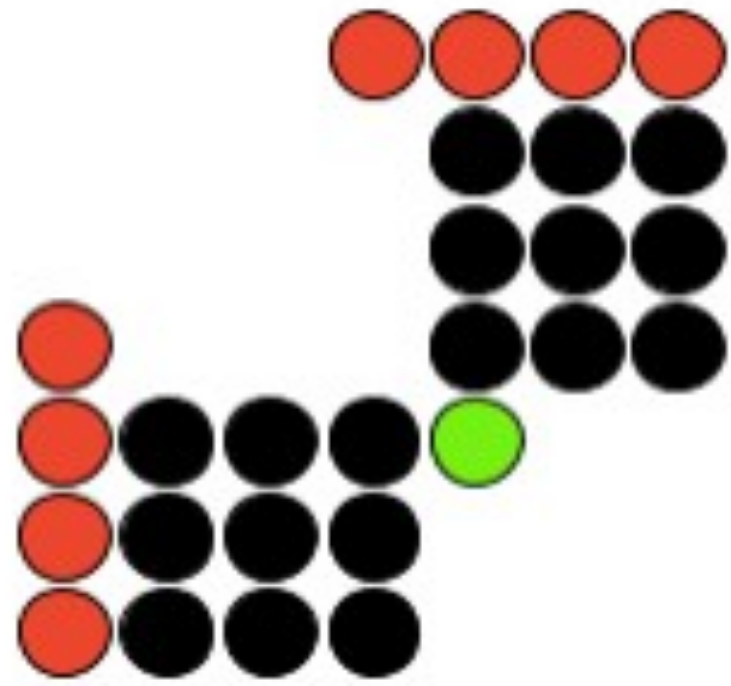
- *Chunk* complicated objects
- *Connect* math ideas and representations
- *Change* the form of objects
- Recall and use properties, rules of operations, and geometric relationships
- Shift perspective

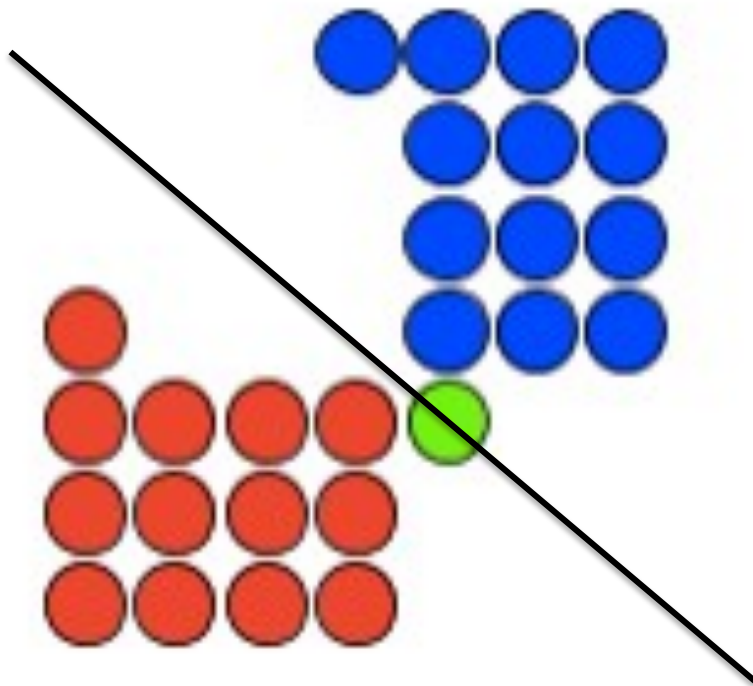


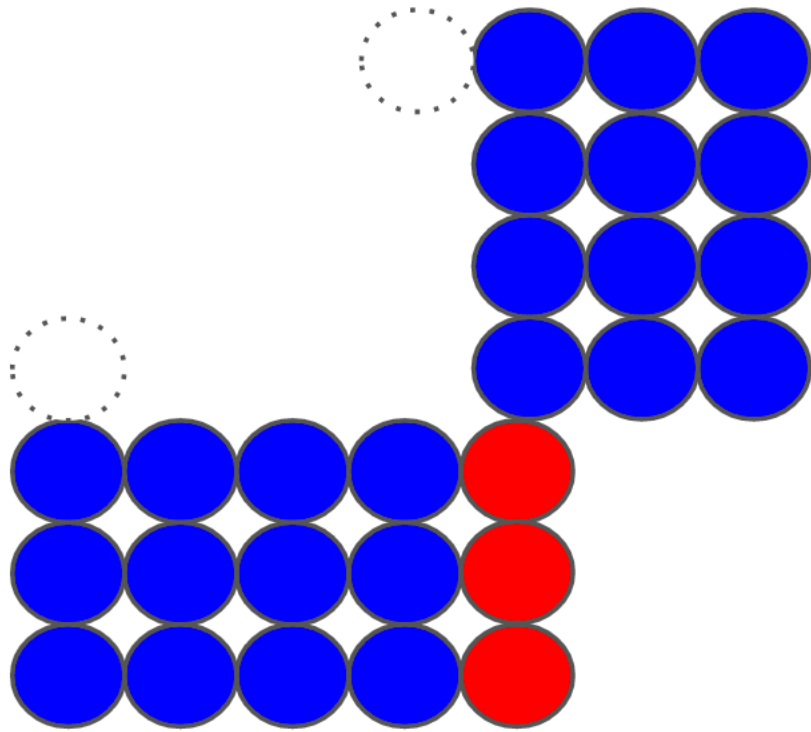
**Find the total number of circles quickly
“in your head” (i.e. without counting
every single circle)**

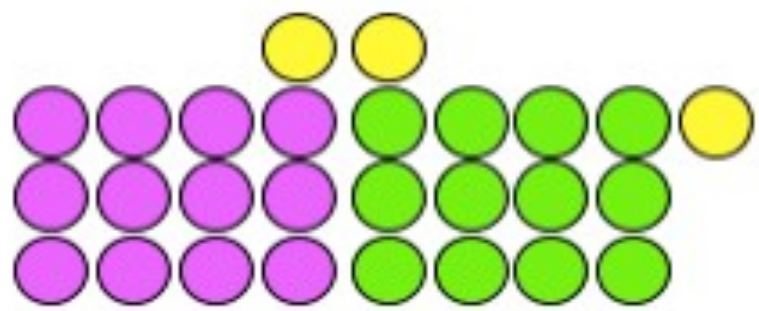
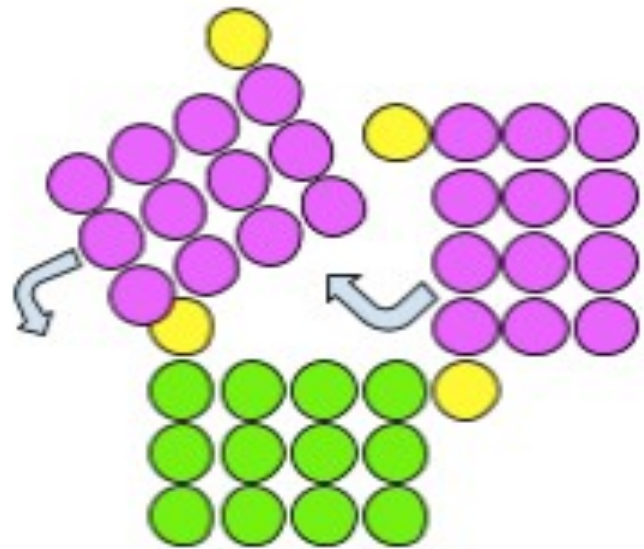


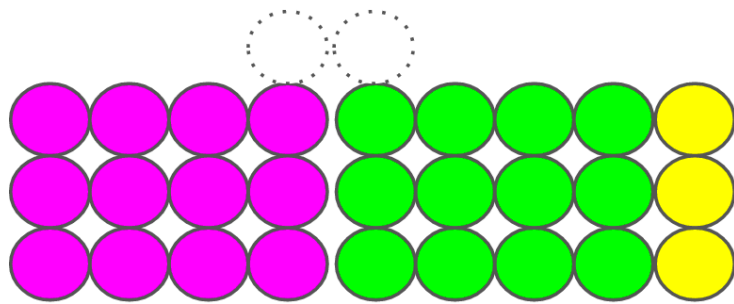
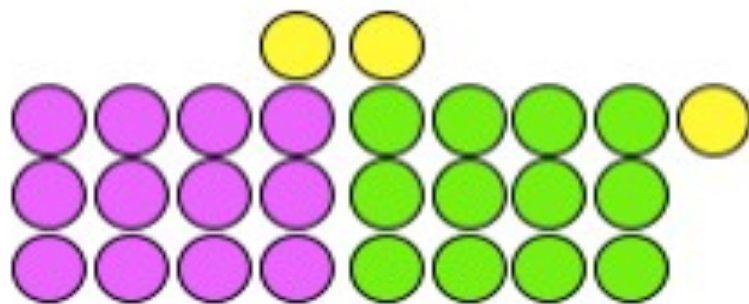
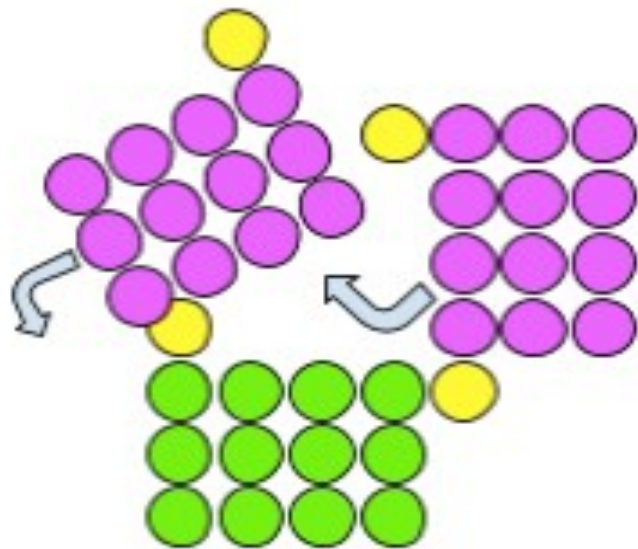












Structural Thinking Shifts

**An collection of
unrelated
results and
procedures
to know**



**A set of
interconnected
ideas that build
on each other
and make sense**

How could structural thinking support students?

**Rules &
Algorithms**



Sense-Making

Structural Thinking supports ALL students....especially

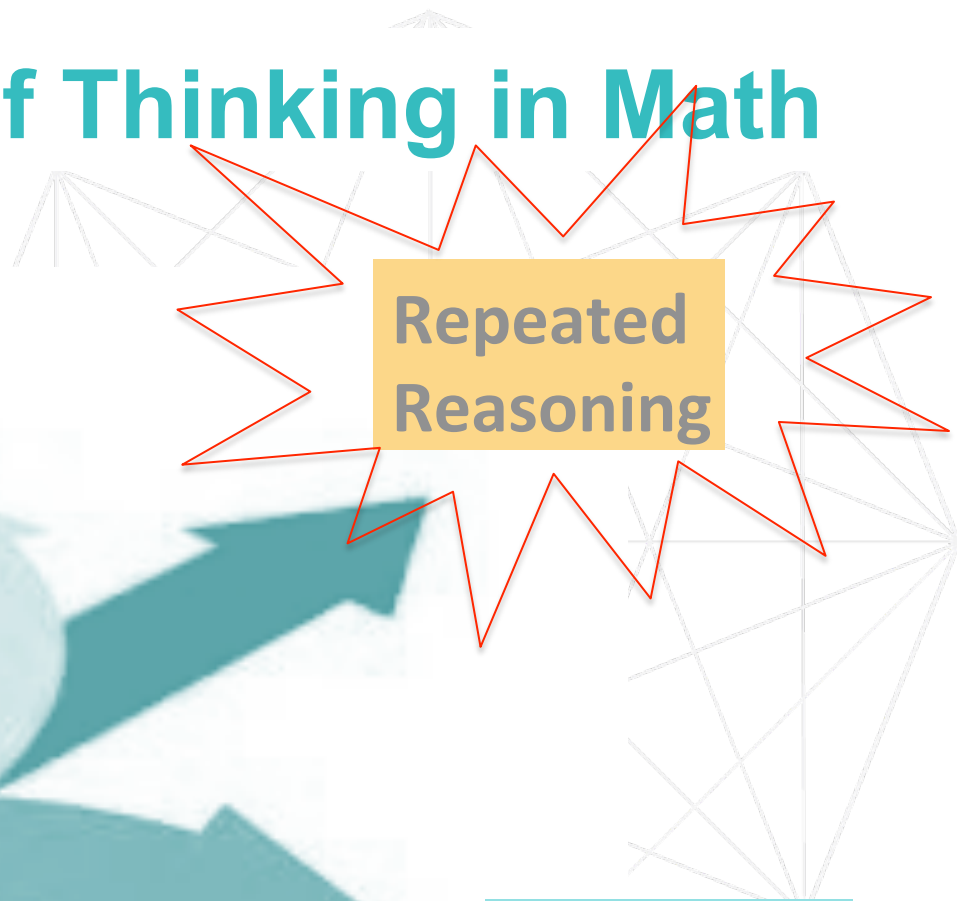
- Students who lose track of their work and/or calculations
- Students who see the 'big picture'
- Students who benefit from multiple representations

Three Avenues of Thinking in Math

Quantitative
Reasoning

Repeated
Reasoning

Structural
Thinking



Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

Attend to...

Repetition in
Processes

Counting

Calculating

Constructing

Ask yourself...

- Do I keep doing the same thing over and over again?
- What about the process is repeating?
- How can I generalize the repetition?
- Have I included every step?

Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

Actions You Take...

- Count in an organized way
- Draw or build several figures
- Try several numbers and observe the process
- Record and track calculations
- Generalize the repetition
- Simultaneously maintain oversight of the process while attending to details
- Monitor and evaluate reasonableness of intermediate results

Decompressing Repeated Reasoning



- Pay attention to the process
- Sense the regularity
- “Shortcut” the process
- Connect the process to an “input” value
- Generalize the process to a rule



Figure 1



Figure 2

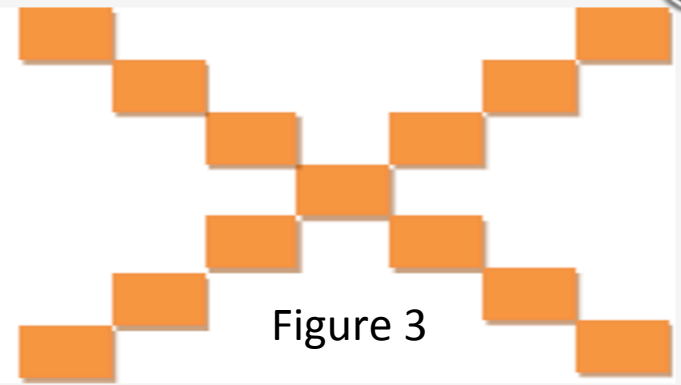
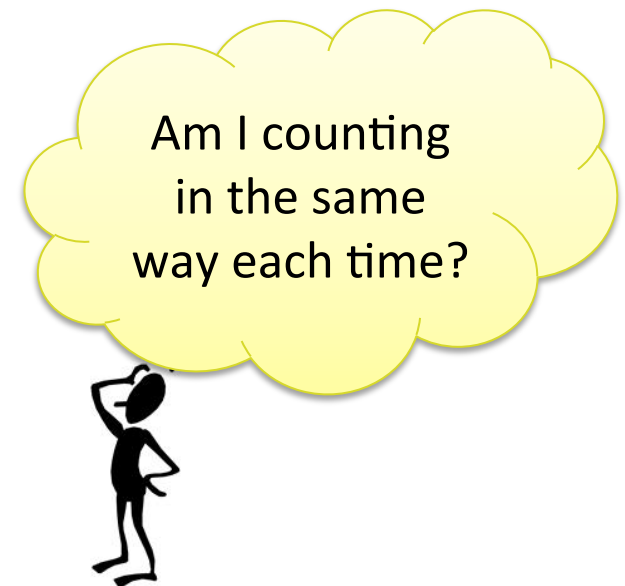


Figure 3

1. **Count** the number of rectangles in each figure.
2. Share your **counting** method with a partner.
3. Use your **counting** method to describe what figure 100 would look like. What any figure would look like.



Repetition in Constructing



Repetition in Constructing



Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

Attend to Repetition in Processes

Counting

Constructing

Calculating

Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

Adam has a 20.5 gallon fish tank that is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. How many gallons will it take to fill the tank?

10 gallons?

$$10 + (10 + 10 + 10 + 10) \neq 20.5$$
$$5 \times 10 \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$

5 gallons?

$$5 + (5 + 5 + 5 + 5) \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$
$$5 \times 5 \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$

2 gallons?

$$2 + 2(4) \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$
$$5 \times 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$

Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

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Repeated Reasoning (MP8)

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2 gallons?

$$2 + 2(4) \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$
$$5 \times 2 \stackrel{?}{=} 20.5$$

$$5 \cdot \square = 20.5$$

$$\frac{20.5}{5} = 4.1$$

Find a rule to determine the number of circles in any figure.

Student C

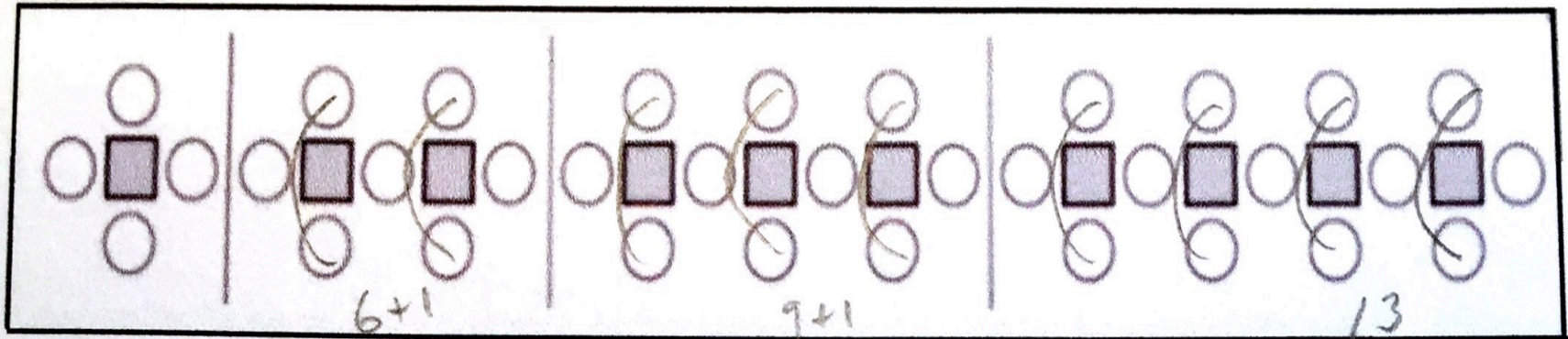


Figure 1

Figure 2

Figure 3

Figure 4

| Figure # | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 100 | N |
|--------------|---|---|----|----|----|-----|----|
| # of Circles | 4 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 30 | 300 | 3n |
| | | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | |

Find a rule to determine the number of circles in any figure?

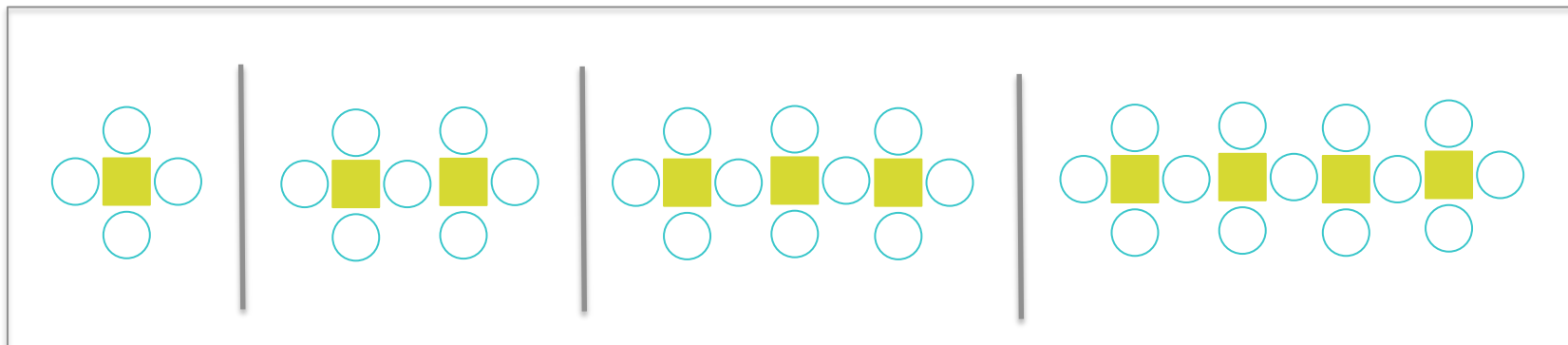


Figure 1

Figure 2

Figure 3

Figure 4

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|----|-----|---|
| Figure # | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 10 | 100 | N |
| # of Circles | | | | | | | |



**WE HAVE TO PRIVILEGE
THE PROCESS!**

Repeated Reasoning Shifts

**Patterns
in
Numbers
and
Results**



**The counting,
calculating and
constructing
processes that
generated those
numbers and
results**

How could repeated reasoning support students?

**‘Magic’
Rules**



**Generalizations
that are rooted
in concrete
processes**

Repeated Reasoning supports ALL students....especially

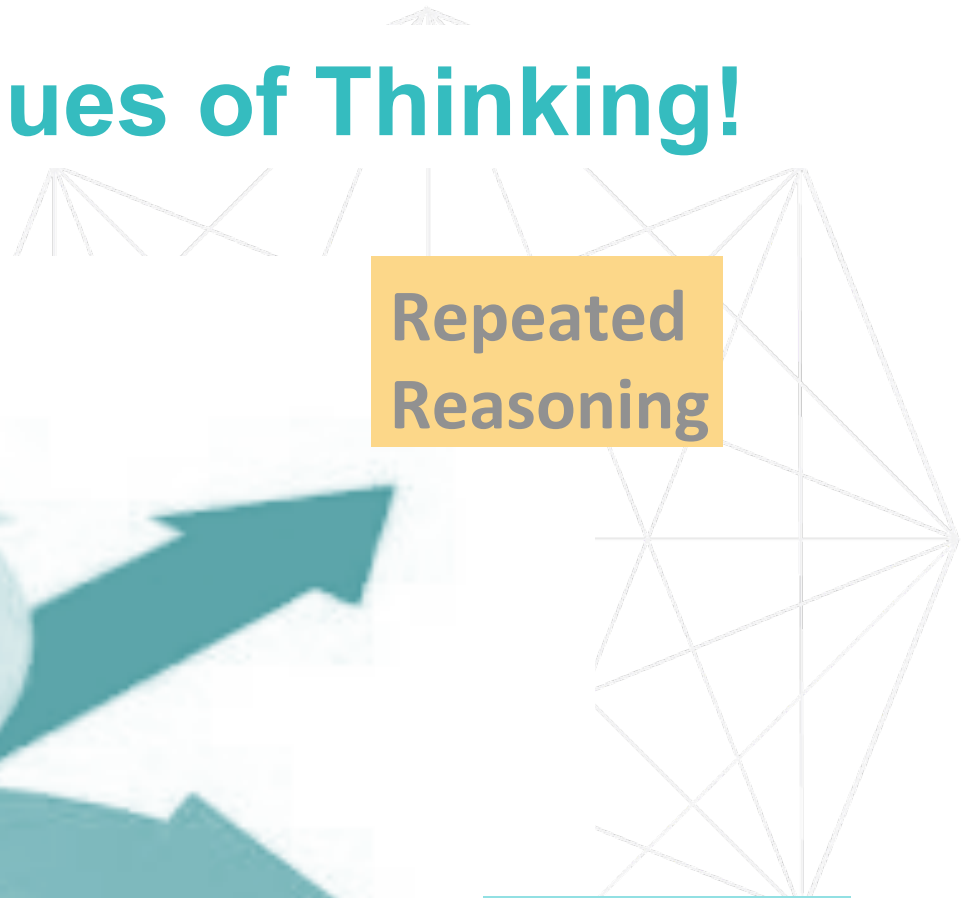
- Students who benefit from multiple modalities
- Students who struggle to abstract and generalize
- Students who work in organized and/or systematic ways
- Students who benefit from seeing how rules are developed

Teach the Avenues of Thinking!

Quantitative Reasoning

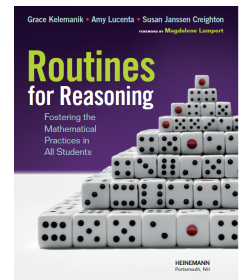
Repeated Reasoning

Structural Thinking

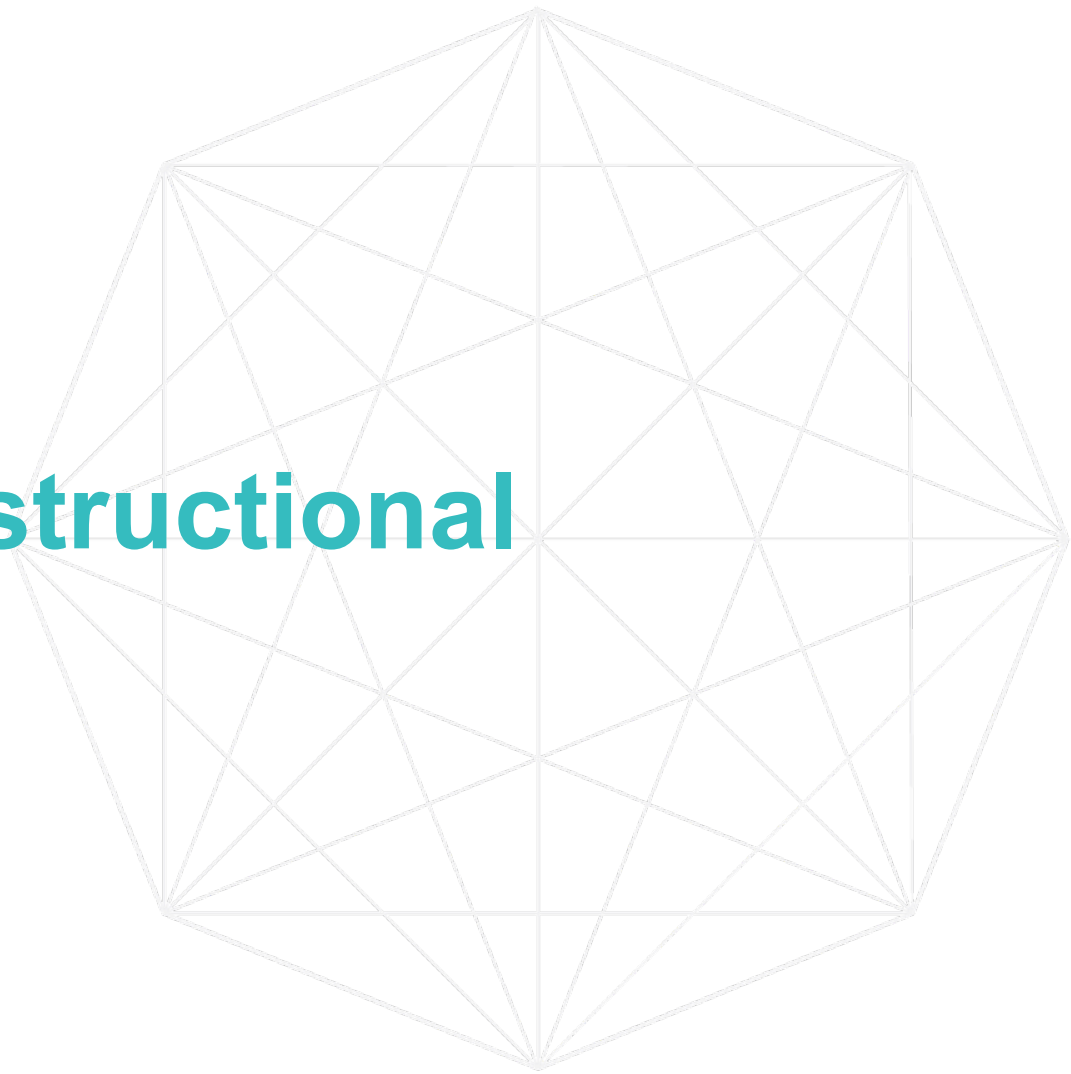


Make it Routine!

- Mathematical thinking is a habit.
- Habits of thinking are formed through routine
- Use Instructional Routines to develop the Avenues of Thinking!



What's an Instructional Routine



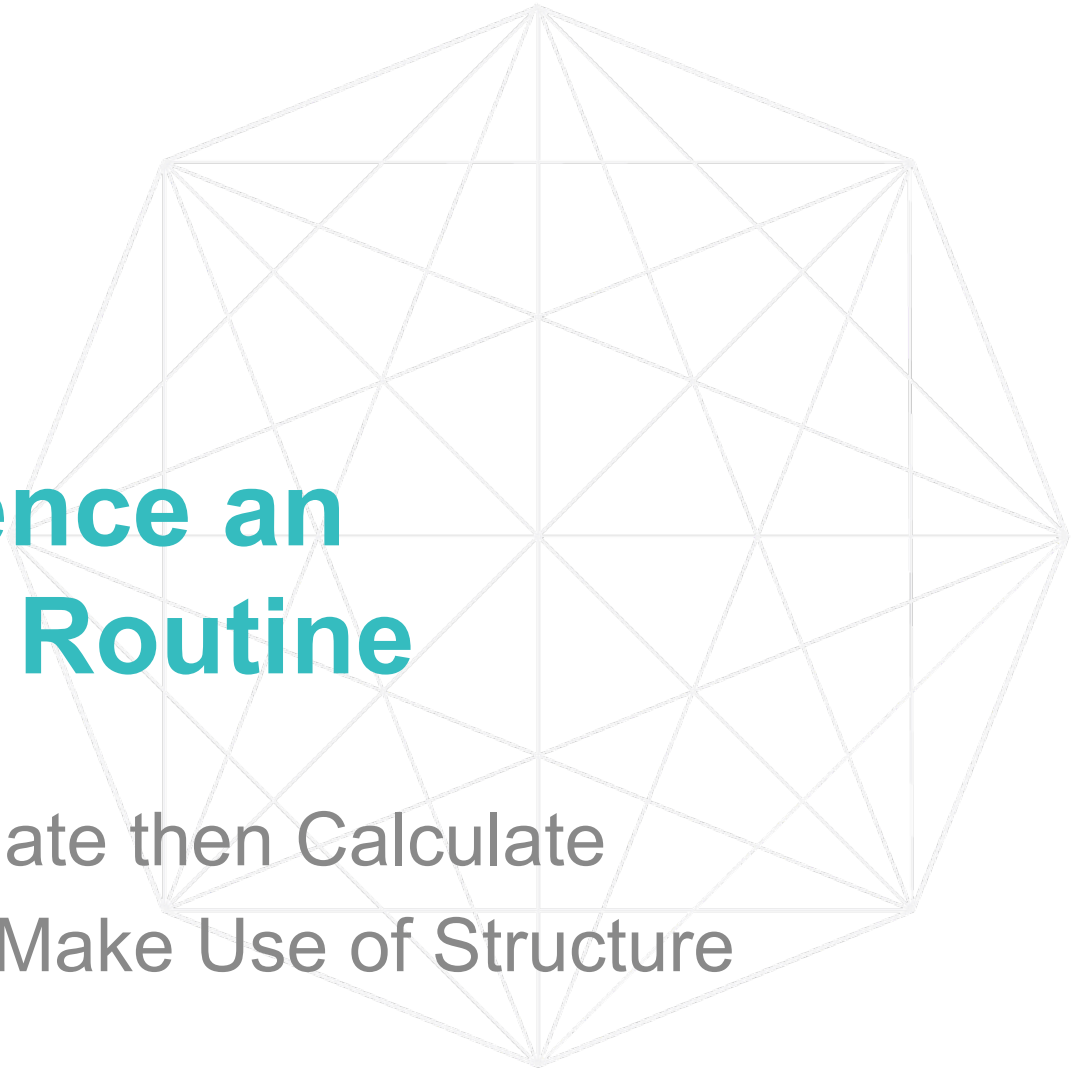
Instructional Routine

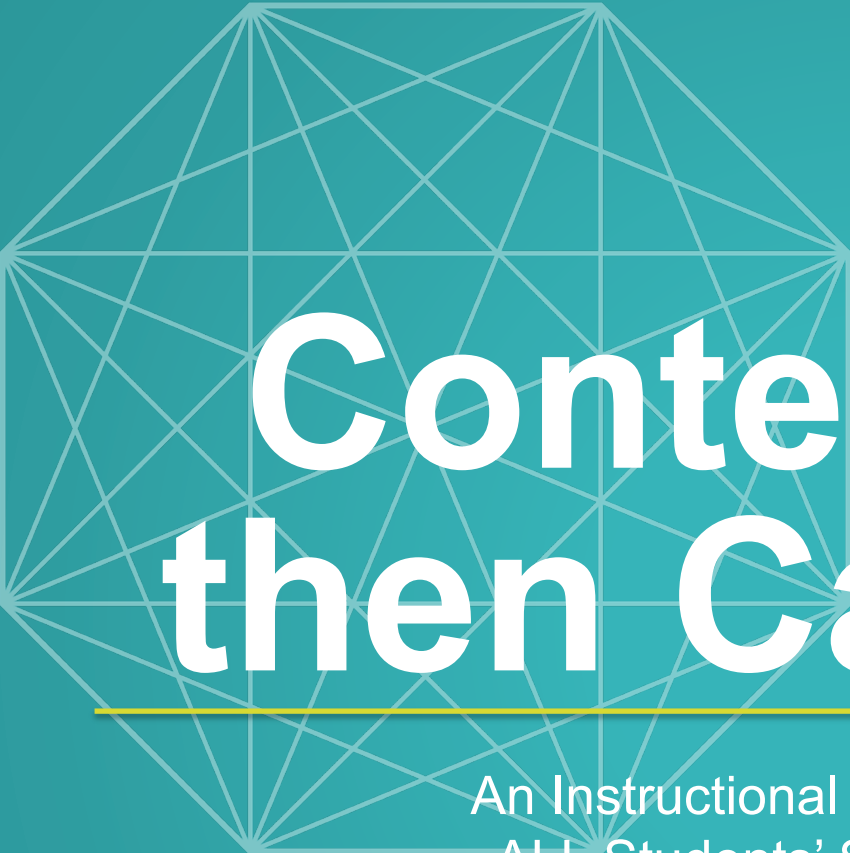
“Designs for interaction that organize classroom activities”

Magdalene Lampert NCSM 2015

Let's Experience an Instructional Routine

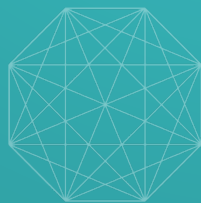
Contemplate then Calculate
Look for and Make Use of Structure





Contemplate then Calculate

An Instructional Routine to Develop
ALL Students' Structural Thinking

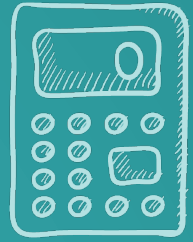


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Contemplate then Calculate

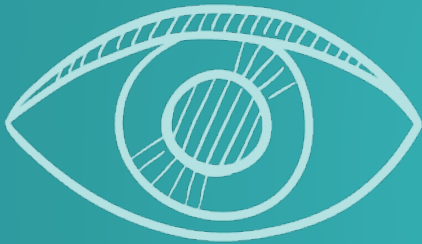


- **WHAT:** Quick count by chunking, changing the form and connecting to math you know.
- **WHY:** To “think like mathematicians”, to use mathematical structure to find shortcuts.

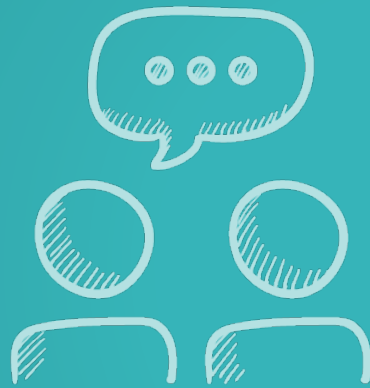




Contemplate then Calculate



Notice



Find
counting
shortcut

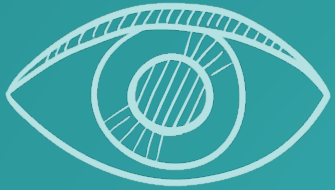


Share &
study
shortcut



Reflect on
learning





What do you notice?

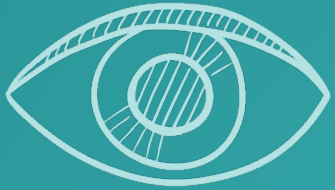


ASK YOURSELF:

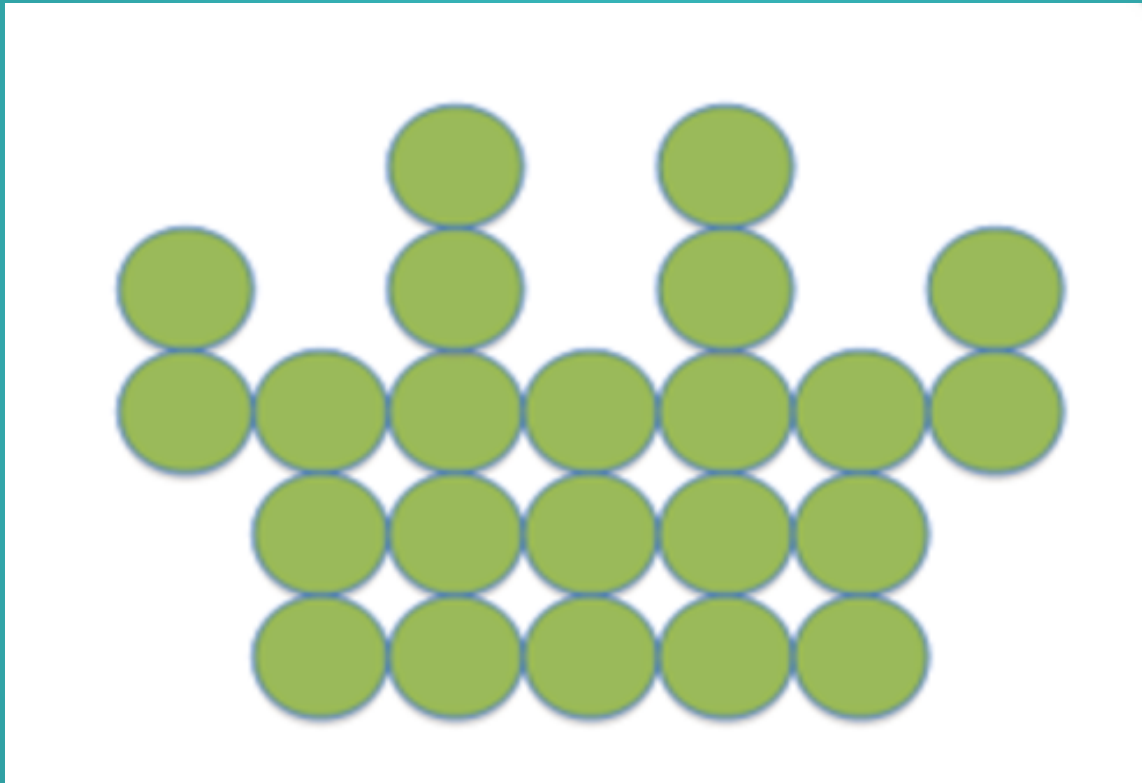
What might be mathematically important?



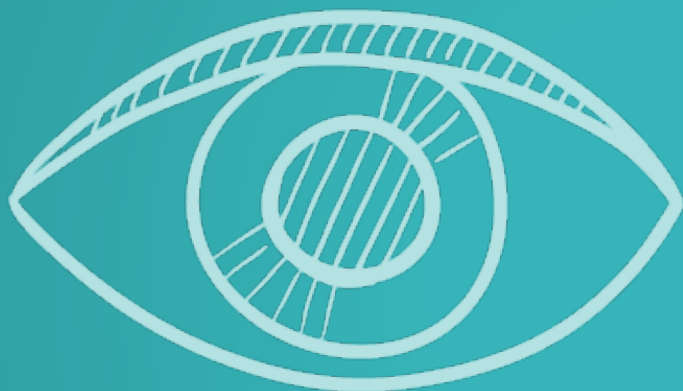
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MATH
PRACTICES



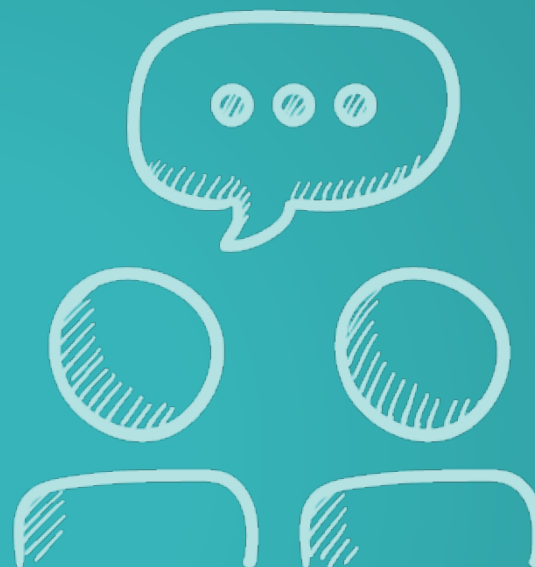
What do you notice?



Share

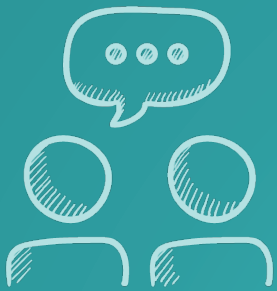


I noticed....



What did you notice?

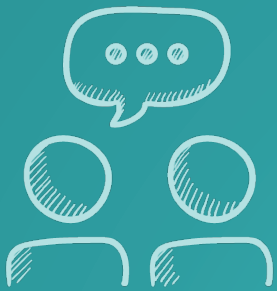




Find counting shortcut



- Find the total number of circles quickly in your head
- Prepare to explain your shortcut using chunk, change, and connect.



Find counting shortcut



- Find the total number of circles quickly in your head
- Prepare to explain your shortcut using chunk, change, and connect.



Share and study shortcuts



PRESENTER

- We noticed...so we...
- We knew...so we...

AUDIENCE

- They noticed...so they...
- They knew...so they...



Reflect on learning



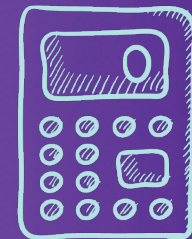
- a) To find a shortcut look for _____.
- b) Noticing _____ helped me count quickly because _____.
- c) Knowing _____ comes in handy when counting quickly because _____.

Contemplate then Calculate
Instructional Routine
Take Two





Contemplate then Calculate

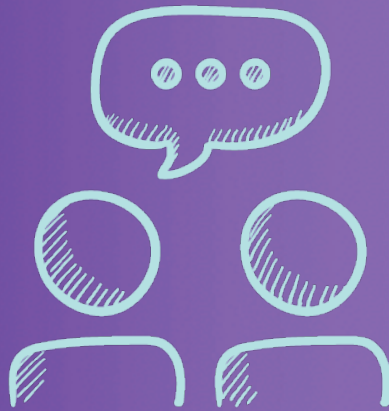
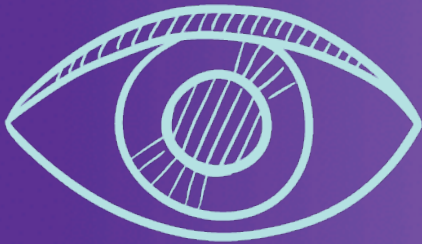


- **WHAT:** Calculate quickly by chunking, changing the form and connecting to math you know.
- **WHY:** To “think like mathematicians”, to use mathematical structure to find shortcuts.





Contemplate then Calculate



Notice

Find
calculation
shortcut

Share &
study
shortcut

Reflect on
learning





What do you notice?



ASK YOURSELF:

What might be mathematically important?



FOSTERING
MATH
PRACTICES



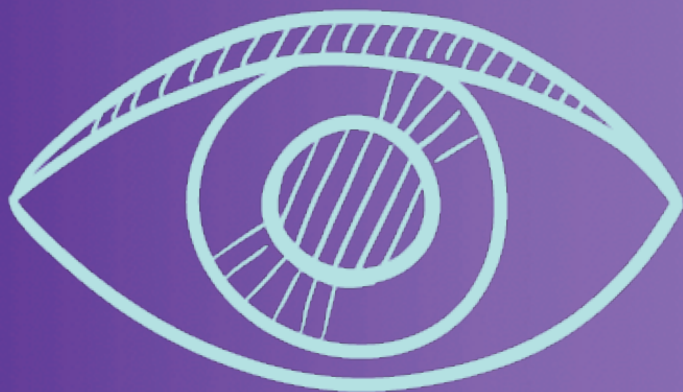
What do you notice?



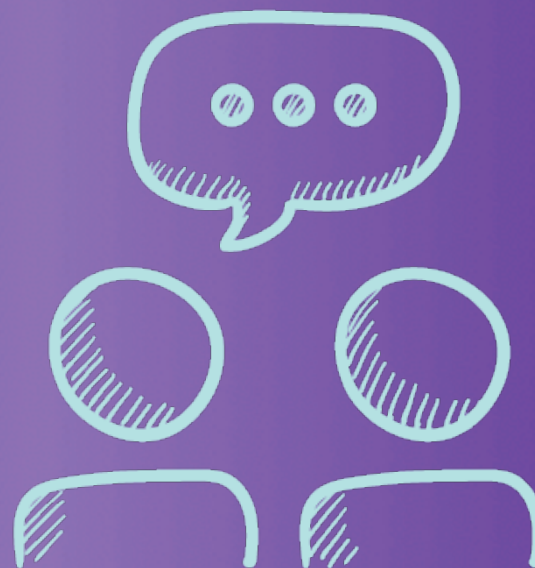
$$81 - 72 + 63 - 54 + 45 - 36 + 27 - 18 + 9$$



Share

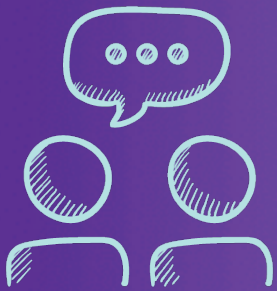


I noticed....



What did you notice?



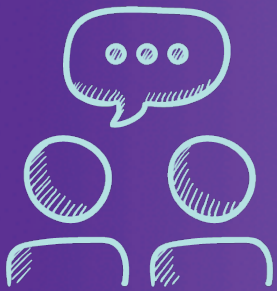


Find calculation shortcut



- Find the value of the expression quickly in your head
- Prepare to explain your shortcut using chunk, change, connect.





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Share and study shortcuts

$$81 - 72 + 63 - 54 + 45 - 36 + 27 - 18 + 9$$

PRESENTER

- We noticed...so we...
- We knew...so we...

AUDIENCE

- They noticed...so they...
- They knew...so they...



Reflect on learning



- a)** To find a shortcut look for _____.
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- c)** Knowing _____ comes in handy when calculating because _____.

Structure of the C then C Routine

Thinking Goal: Building an Avenue of Thinking

1 Launch the Routine
Introduce thinking goal, review routine's steps

2 Notice

Individual Think Time



Pairs



Share & Record



3 Develop Shortcut

Pairs



4 Discuss Shortcuts

Repeat, Rephrase
Reword, Record



Share: Discuss & Annotate

5 Reflect on Your Thinking

Individual Write Time

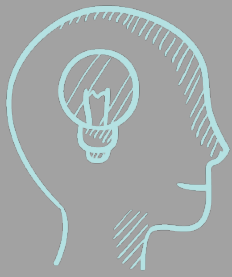


Pairs

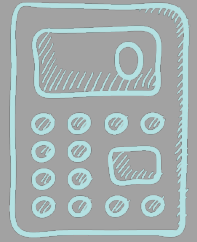


Share & Record



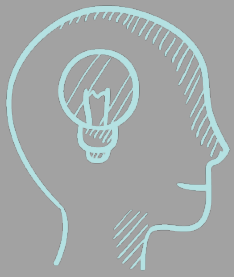


Contemplate then Calculate

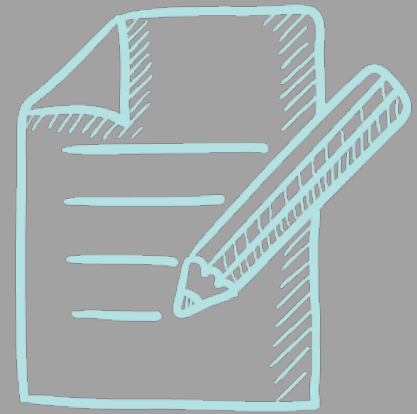
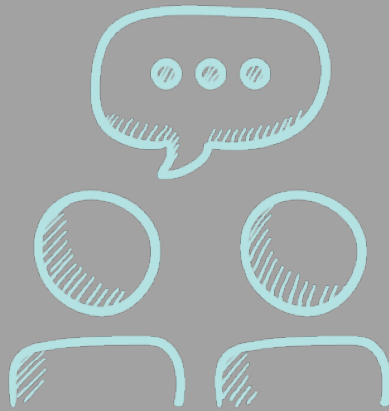
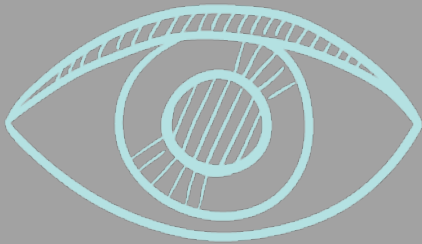


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Contemplate then Calculate



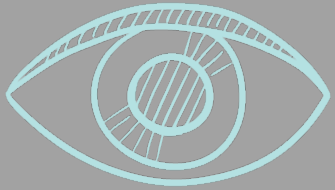
Notice

Find
calculation
shortcut

Share &
study
shortcut

Reflect on
learning





What do you notice?

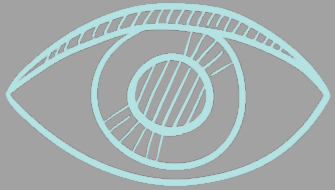


ASK YOURSELF:

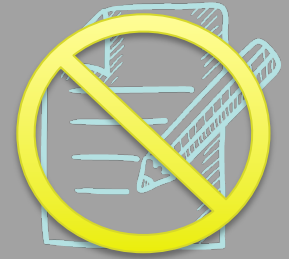
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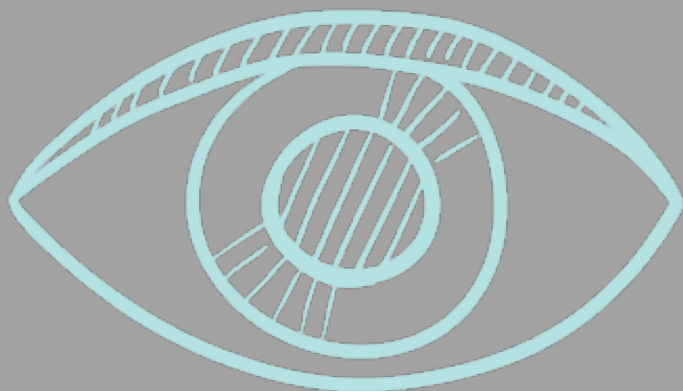
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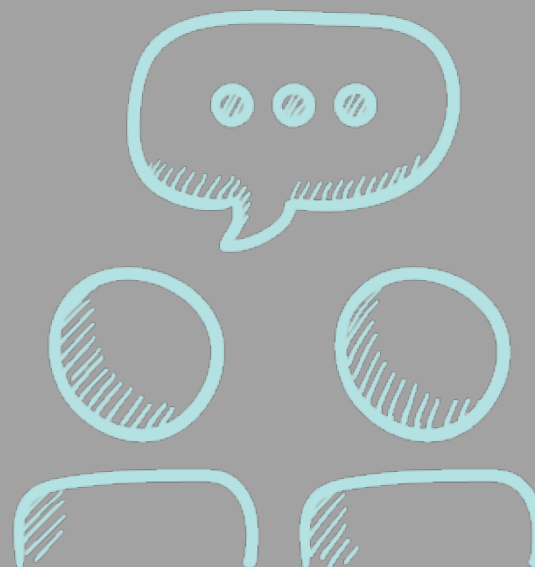
$$36x^2 - 32x^2 + 28x^2 - 24x^2 + 20x^2 - 16x^2 + 12x^2 - 8x^2 + 4x^2$$



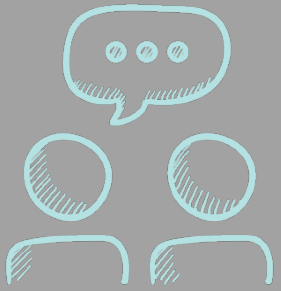
Share



I noticed...



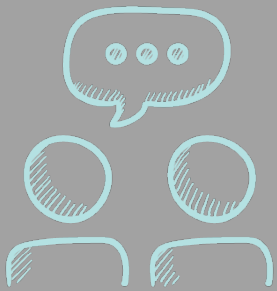
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Share and study shortcuts

$$36x^2 - 32x^2 + 28x^2 - 24x^2 + 20x^2 - 16x^2 + 12x^2 - 8x^2 + 4x^2$$

PRESENTER

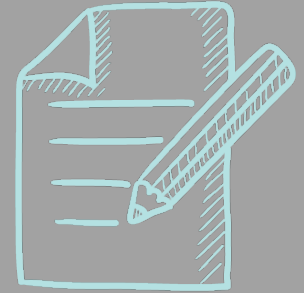
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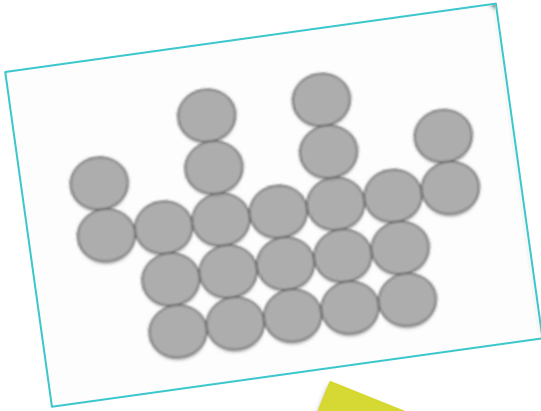


Pairs

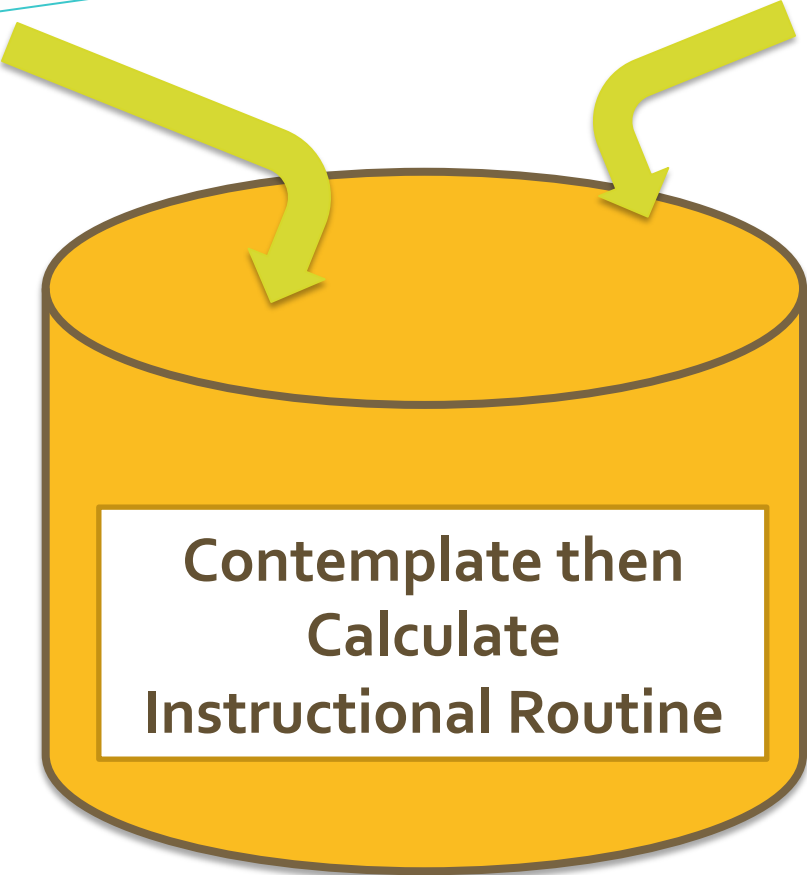


Share & Record





$$36x^2 - 32x^2 + 28x^2 - 24x^2 + 20x^2 - 16x^2 + 12x^2 - 8x^2 + 4x^2$$



**Contemplate then
Calculate
Instructional Routine**

What are characteristics of a productive Contemplate then Calculate task?

4 Essential Instructional Strategies

Keeping the focus on the mathematical thinking while providing access for a wide range of learners

- Ask-yourself questions
- Annotation
- Sentence frames and starters
- The Four Rs – repeat, rephrase, reword, record

www.fosteringmathpractices.com



Welcome!

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2. Check back often for updates.
3. Please let us know what you think.



FOSTERING MATH PRACTICES

We're thinking about...

Summer is a time for renewal and reflection, a time to take stock, to consider your students' long-lasting learning. And, most importantly, the ways in which you plan to foster the standards for mathematical practice in all of your students. Whichever math

Events We Are Attending

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TUE
15
AUG - THU
17
AUG

One By One
Conference,

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Free Resources (Site Registration/Login Required)

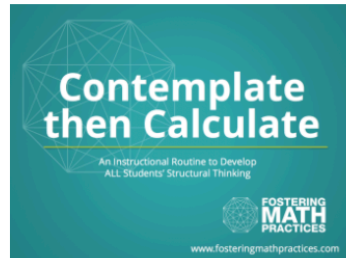
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[View Tasks](#)

Classroom Planner



Classroom PPTX Template



Tasks & Discussion



For More on Fostering Math Practices through Instructional Routines

Reach Out

GraceKelemanik@gmail.com
AmyLucenta@gmail.com

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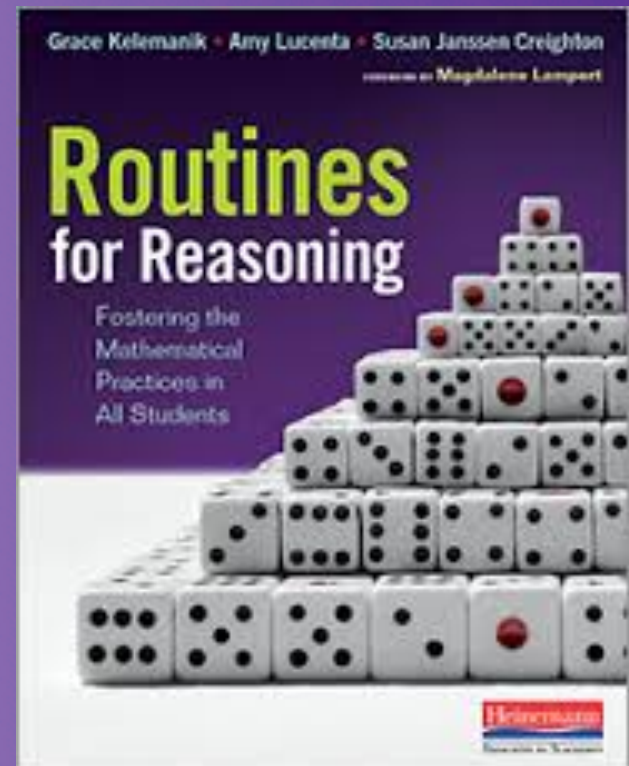
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OnebyOne 2017 Session Feedback

* Required

Session Date *

- Tuesday, August 15
- Wednesday, August 16
- Thursday, August 17

NEXT